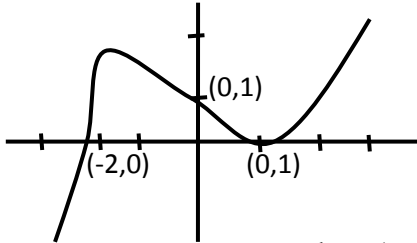


SECTION – B

1. The graph of cubic polynomial

$$Y = an^3 + bn^2 + cn + d$$

is shown below. Find the coefficients a, b, c & d



- a. 0
 b. 1
 c. $\frac{1}{2}$
 d. $\frac{3}{2}$
2. Divide 28 into 2 parts such a way that $\frac{6}{5}$ of one part is equal $\frac{2}{3}$ of the other
- a. $\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{7}$
 b. $\sqrt{125} x \sqrt{5}$
 c. None of these
 d. Both (a) and (b)
3. x and y are two non-negative numbers such that $2x + y = 10$. The sum of the maximum and minimum values of $(x + y)$ is
- a. 6
 b. 9
 c. 15
 d. 10
4. Three-digit number formed by using digits 0, 1, 2 and 5 (without repetition) are written on different on each slip, and put in a bowl. One slip is drawn at random from the bowl. The probability that the slip bears a number divisional by 5 is
- a. $\frac{5}{9}$
 b. $\frac{2}{3}$
 c. $\frac{4}{9}$
 d. $\frac{1}{3}$
5. The value of $\frac{2(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})}{3\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}} + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}$ is
- a. $\frac{3+4\sqrt{6}}{3}$
 b. $\frac{4+3\sqrt{6}}{3}$
 c. $\frac{3+4\sqrt{6}}{4}$
 d. $\frac{4-3\sqrt{6}}{3}$

